The euro equity derivatives market has also grown rapidly, roughly in line with the capitalisation of the underlying markets. Available statistics and views expressed by interviewees point towards a number of key market stimuli: Globalisation and corporate restructuring. This in turn supports elevated levels of private investment and a deepening of euro capital markets. Changing attitude of investors towards equity investments and population ageing. The low yield environment and the higher expected return from equities have led to a changing attitude of euro area investors towards equity investments. Get today's Euro Kapital Yatirim Ortakligi AS stock price and latest EUKYO news as well as Euro Kapital real-time stock quotes, technical analysis, full financials and more. This is the main Euro Kapital Yatirim Ortakligi AS stock chart and current price. You can find more details by going to one of the sections under this page such as historical data, charts, technical analysis and others. Candlestick Chart. Book Editions for The Euro Capital Markets And Dollarization. 1 results. All matches. Books. Study. Textbooks. The Euro, Capital Markets and Dollarization. Edition 0th. Capital markets are composed of primary and secondary markets. The most common capital markets are the stock market and the bond market. Capital markets seek to improve transactional efficiencies. These markets bring those who hold capital and those seeking capital together and provide a place where entities can exchange securities. Capital markets refer to the places where savings and investments are moved between suppliers of capital and those who are in need of capital. Capital markets consist of the primary market, where new securities are issued and the structure of capital markets in Europe and the behaviour of actors in these markets will be fundamentally affected, leading to a more integrated market. For monetary union to achieve its real objective, policy makers will need to address a wide variety of outstanding issues, in particular the taxation of savings income, accounting standards, capital market regulation and financial supervision. This book focuses on the long-term impact that the introduction of the euro will have on European capital markets and spells out implications for the financial sector and the wider economy. It discusses what further steps need to be taken to achieve a fully integrated market. In particular, the book examines:* The institutional and regulatory framework for European capital markets.